Financial Statements of

CANADIAN MENTAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION CALGARY REGION

Year ended March 31, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Canadian Mental Health Association – Calgary Region

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Canadian Mental Health Association – Calgary Region, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2018, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, Canadian Mental Health Association – Calgary Region derives revenue from fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of Canadian Mental Health Association – Calgary Region. Therefore, we, and the predecessor auditors, were not able to determine whether, as at and for the years ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, any adjustments might be necessary to fund development revenues and excess of revenue over expenses reported in the statements of operations, excess of revenue over expenses reported in the statements of changes in net assets and cash flows and current assets and net assets reported in the statements of financial position. This caused the predecessor auditors to qualify their audit opinion on the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2017.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Canadian Mental Health Association – Calgary Region as at March 31, 2018, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Comparative Information

The financial statements of Canadian Mental Health Association – Calgary Region as at and for the year ended March 31, 2017 were audited by another auditor who expressed a qualified opinion on those financial statements on June 30, 2017.

Chartered Professional Accountants

■, 2018 Calgary, Canada

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

	2018	2017
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash (note 3)	\$ 275,600	\$ 670,318
Short-term investments (note 4)	901,178	360,456
Accounts receivable	136,915	29,411
Prepaid expenses	65,754	81,477
	1,379,447	1,141,662
Mortgage receivable (note 5)	1	1
Long-term investments (note 6)	1,854,586	2,358,527
Capital assets (note 7)	1,351,620	-
	\$ 4,585,654	\$ 3,500,190
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 8)	\$ 966,850	\$ 756,657
Deferred revenue (notes 3 and 9)	1,856,417	1,267,419
Current portion of obligation under capital lease (note 10)	7,242	
	2,830,509	2,024,076
Non-current liabilities:		
Obligation under capital lease (note 10)	34,683	-
Deferred capital contributions (note 11)	239,790	_
	274,473	_
Total liabilities	3,104,982	2,024,076
Net assets	1,480,672	1,476,114
Commitment (note 12)		
	\$ 4,585,654	\$ 3,500,190
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

Approved by the Board of Directors:

Director

Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

	2018	2017
Revenue:		
Alberta Health Services	\$ 4,015,290	\$ 4,147,951
Fund development	1,531,319	1,044,325
United Way	599,934	545,444
City of Calgary	687,787	409,151
Other revenue	455,261	331,746
	7,289,591	6,478,617
Expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	5,431,838	4,989,130
Building occupancy	657,543	620,917
Purchased services	369,293	221,572
Other program expenditures	425,419	292,579
Program travel and education	192,297	140,170
Office and administrative	80,725	116,623
Divisional fees	47,590	62,435
Promotion and education materials	63,933	24,598
Recruitment and recognition	16,395	10,083
	7,285,033	6,478,107
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 4,558	\$ 510

See accompany notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

	2018	2017
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$ 1,476,114	\$ 1,475,604
Excess of revenue over expenses	4,558	510
Balance, March 31, 2018	\$ 1,480,672	\$ 1,476,114

See accompany notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

	2018	2017
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 4,558	\$ 510
Change in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(107,504)	27,209
Prepaid expenses	15,723	(49,689)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	210,193	9,866
Deferred revenue	588,998	905,901
	711,968	893,797
Investments:		
Redemption of short-term investments	_	1,982
Acquisition of short-term investments	_	(254,314)
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,309,113)	_
Redemption of long-term investments	_	283,941
Acquisition of long-term investments	(36,781)	(1,559,217)
	(1,345,894)	(1,527,608)
Financing:		
Payment on capital lease obligation	(582)	_
Deferred capital contributions received	239,790	-
	239,208	_
Decrease in cash	(394,718)	(633,811)
Cash, beginning of year	670,318	1,304,129
Cash, end of year	\$ 275,600	\$ 670,318

See accompany notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

1. Nature of operations:

The Canadian Mental Health Association – Calgary Region (the "Association") is a leader in reducing the impact of mental disorders and in promoting mental health and wellness through community based services.

The Association, as a registered charity, is exempt from income taxes under Section 149(1)(I) of the Income Tax Act and may issue receipts to donors for tax deductible donations. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements were prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the Chartered Professional Accountants ("CPA") Handbook and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of presentation:

The financial statements reflect the combined operations of all programs of the Association and do not include the assets, liabilities, revenue or expenditures of any affiliated organizations.

(b) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Capital expenditures with a cost over \$5,000 are recorded on the statement of financial position. Contributed capital assets are recorded on the statement of financial position at fair value at the date of contribution, if their value exceeds \$5,000.

Amortization is provided using the straight-line method at rates intended to amortize the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives as below. Leasehold improvements and photocopiers under capital lease are amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining lease term.

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Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Capital assets (continued):

Leasehold improvement	10 years
Office equipment	10 years
Photocopiers under capital lease	5 years

Capital assets acquired during the first half of the fiscal year are depreciated for a full year. Capital assets acquired during the second half of the fiscal year are not depreciated until the following fiscal year.

The Association regularly reviews its capital assets to eliminate obsolete items. Capital assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable and exceeds its fair value. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Association's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

(c) Revenue recognition:

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contributions restricted for the acquisition of capital assets are recognized as revenue in the amounts that match the amortization expense of the related capital assets purchased with the contributions.

Donation revenue is recognized in the current year only when funds have been committed within the year and when collections of funds has been made within 30 days of the year end; otherwise it is recorded in the year in which it is received.

Other revenue, including rental, service fees and investment income, is recognized as revenue in the period in which it is earned.

(d) Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue includes unexpended grants, donations and other contributions received prior to the year-end, which have a restriction on the use of the funds. Such restrictions are imposed by the contributor. These will be recorded as revenue in the year the Association complies with the restrictions.

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Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition, except for certain nonarm's length transactions that are measured at the exchange amount. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not in a qualifying hedging relationship and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value.

All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Association has elected to carry investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market at fair value. Changes in fair value, if any, are recognized in the statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Association determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset.

If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Association expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(f) Liability for sick, short-term disability and wellness:

The Association tracks and accrues the liability for employee sick time and short-term disability as it is earned. The accrued liability is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

(g) Measurement uncertainty:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant estimates include the valuation of accounts receivable and mortgage receivable, recoverability and useful life of capital assets, and amounts recorded for sick, short-term disability and wellness benefits in respect of sick time. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Contributed services:

Volunteers assist the Association in carrying out certain activities. Due to uncertainty in determining fair value of the service and given that such assistance is generally not otherwise purchased, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

3. Cash:

Cash includes \$73,801 (2017 - \$71,078) raised from regulated gaming activities. The use of these funds is restricted to certain expenditures approved by regulatory authorities and, accordingly is reported in deferred revenue.

4. Short-term investments:

Short-term investments are comprised of funds held in mutual funds comprised of high interest savings accounts, with interest rates approximating at 1.1% per annum.

Included in short-term investments is \$5,200 (2017 - \$5,200) required to be invested in The Bingo Bar Association ("Bingo Bar") in order to use their services for fundraising. The investment is not structured to generate a return and the carrying value reflects the amount expected to be returned when the Association ceases to use Bingo Barn for fundraising in the future.

5. Mortgage receivable:

On August 26, 1998, the Association advanced \$40,000 to Horizon Housing Society to assist in the acquisition of a new group home. The advance is non-interest bearing and, as security, the borrower provided a mortgage on the property. The balance is payable upon demand if certain events occur but the entire balance has been classified as a long-term receivable because the Association does not anticipate that events will occur which will allow it to demand repayment over the next twelve months. The advance was revalued at anticipated net realizable value effective April 1, 2011.

6. Long-term investments:

Long-term investments are comprised of Guaranteed Investment Certificates with yields ranging from 1.4% - 2.6% per annum, maturing on various dates between September 2018 and March 2022 with a market value of \$1,854,586 (2017 - \$2,358,527).

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Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

7. Capital assets:

	Cost	Accumulated amortization		2017 Net book value
Leasehold improvements Office equipment Photocopiers under capital lease	\$ 1,209,728 99,385 42,507	\$ _ _ _	\$ 1,209,728 99,385 42,507	\$ - - -
	\$ 1,351,620	\$ –	\$ 1,351,620	\$

8. Government remittances:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances of \$60,791 (2017 - \$48,787), which include amounts payable for payroll related taxes.

9. Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue is comprised of the unspent portion of externally restricted operating funds received in the current period from various government and community sources.

	2018	2017
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received in the year Amounts recognized as revenue in the year	\$ 1,267,419 5,612,406 (5,023,408)	\$ 361,518 6,268,672 (5,362,771)
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,856,417	\$ 1,267,419

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Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

10. Obligation under capital lease:

During the year the Association entered into a lease agreement for several photocopiers. The agreement is repayable in monthly installments of \$820 (2017 - \$nil) and carries an interest rate of 6.72%. The maturity date of the lease agreement is March 1, 2023. The capital lease payable is comprised as follows:

	2018	2017
Current liabilities: Current portion of capital lease payable	\$ 7,242	\$ _
Non-current liabilities:		
Capital lease payable	34,683	_
	\$ 41,925	\$ _

The annual scheduled repayment of the capital lease payable is as follows:

	Amount
2019	\$ 7,242
2020	7,744
2021	
2022	8,281 8,855
2023	9,803
	\$ 41,925

11. Deferred capital contributions:

The Association's contributors and funders have provided the following amounts for acquisition of capital assets. Recognition of these amounts is deferred and amortized into revenues on the same basis as the amortization expense recognized on the capital assets the contributions were used to purchase.

		2018		2017
Balance, beginning of year Capital assets purchased with restricted	\$	_	\$	-
contributions provided by funders Amounts recognized as revenue during the year	239,790			-
Balance, end of year	\$	239,790	\$	

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Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

12. Commitment:

The Association is committed under leases for office space and rental properties which expire on various dates. The future minimum rental payments, exclusive of occupancy costs, required under the various leases are as follows:

	Office Space	Rental properties	Total
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Thereafter	\$ - - 11,720 140,640 691,480	\$ 299,495 _ _ _ _	\$ 299,495
	\$ 843,840	\$ 299,495	\$ 1,143,335

On March 17, 2017, the Association signed a new lease agreement for office space, commencing from March 2018 until February 2028. Minimum rental payments for the first four years of the lease have been waived.

13. Financial instruments:

The Association is exposed to the following significant financial risks:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Association has credit risk with respect to its cash, investments, accounts receivable and mortgage receivable. The Association mitigates its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash and investments with a major financial institution.

Accounts receivable is comprised mainly of amounts receivable from Alberta Health Services and a Goods and Services Tax rebate, therefore credit risk is low. Mortgage receivable has already been revalued to its anticipated net realizable value.

(b) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Association is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that investments are at fixed rates of interest.

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Year ended March 31, 2018, with comparative figures for 2017

13. Financial instruments (continued):

(c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Association does not believe it is subject to any significant concentration of liquidity risk.

The Association manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Association prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

14. Additional information:

As required under section 7(2) of the Alberta Charitable Fundraising Regulations, the following amounts are disclosed:

	2018	2017
Amounts paid during the year as remuneration to employees whose principal duties include fundraising	\$ 65,647	\$ 58,077
Direct fundraising expenses for the purpose of soliciting contributions	56,986	88,651

15. Related party transactions:

The Association is an affiliate of the Canadian Mental Health Association - Alberta. During the year the Association paid affiliation fees of \$44,969 (2017 - \$57,742) to Canadian Mental Health Association - Alberta.